

CAM REU 2019: LaTeX Tutorial

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1. Why LaTeX?

- (a) Examples: LaTeX versus ... other stuff
- (b) LaTeX is the industry standard for mathematicians. You will use it to write assignments, tests, research papers, books, your thesis!

2. How do I get it?

- (a) Local versions: download at <https://www.latex-project.org/get/>
- (b) Online versions: Overleaf, ShareLaTeX, others (online versions are good for collaborating)

3. The basics of document structure

(a) The header

- `\documentclass[12pt]{article}`
- `\title{}, \author{}, \date{}`
- `\maketitle`

(b) Packages

- `\usepackage{amstools, amsmath, graphicx}`

(c) Comments. The % sign for making comments, and

`\%`

(d) Beginning and ending

- `\begin{document}, \end{document}`
- In general, many commands will take this form, that is
`\begin{blah} \end{blah}`

- Compiling

4. Formatting and organizing text

(a) Sections and subsections (numbered and non-numbered)

(b) Text styles

- **Bold:**

`{\bf Bold}`

- *Italic:*

`{\em Italic}`

- Underline:

`\underline{Underline}`

(c) Lists

- Itemize

`\begin{itemize}`

`\item`

`\end{itemize}`

- Enumerate

`\begin{enumerate}`

`\item`

`\end{enumerate}`

- You can nest them (as I have done excessively in this document)!

(d) Spacing

- `\begin{center}`, `\end{center}`
- `\hspace{2in}`
- `\vspace{2in}`
- `\noindent`

5. Math

(a) Math mode (inline)

This puts $x+1=4$ right in the sentence.

(b) Math mode (display)

```
\[ x+1=4 \]
```

(c) Equation (numbered and not)

```
\begin{equation} x+1=4 \end{equation}
```

and

```
\begin{equation*} x+1=4 \end{equation*}
```

(d) Align (numbered and not)

```
\begin{align} x+1 &= 4, \\ x+y &= 7 \end{align}
```

(e) Referencing equations in text:

```
\begin{equation} x+1 = 4 \label{eqn:favorite} \end{equation}
```

In the text, you can point to it:

My favorite equation is shown in Equation `\ref{eqn:favorite}`.

(f) Good symbols to know in math mode (a non-exhaustive list):

- subscript

x_0 , A_{ij}

- superscript

x^2 , $A^{m \times n}$

- \sqrt{x}

- π

- ∞

- fractions

$\frac{\partial u}{\partial x}$

- integrals

$\int dx$, $\int_0^1 dx$

- sums

$\sum i$, $\sum_{i=1}^N i$

- trig:

$\sin(x)$, $\cos(x)$, $\tan(x)$

- bold (e.g. \mathbb{R} , real numbers)

```

\mathbb{R}
• calligraphy (e.g.  $\mathcal{O}$ , big-o notation)
\mathcal{O}
• matrices
\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}
• properly sized parentheses
\left( \right)

```

6. Figures and Tables

- (a) Figures (should be in same folder, or point to correct directory)

```

\begin{figure}[htb]
\begin{centering}
\includegraphics[width=2in,height=3in]{filename.eps}
\caption{This is the caption for my figure.}
\label{fig:goodfigure}
\end{centering}
\end{figure}

```

- (b) Tables

```

\begin{table}
\caption{Example table}
\centering
\begin{tabular}{llr}
\toprule
First name & Last Name & Grade \\
\midrule
John & Doe & $7.5\$ \\

```

```
Richard & Miles & $2$ \\  
\bottomrule  
\end{tabular}  
\label{table:grades}  
\end{table}
```

7. Citations and bibliography

- (a) The easiest way is to create a .bib file.

```
@article{mycitationkey,  
    title={My Article Title: A Novel Approach},  
    author={Lastname, Author and Doe, Jane G},  
    journal={Journal of Excellent Research},  
    volume = {82},  
    issue = {1},  
    pages = {209--212}  
    year={2019}  
}
```

- (b) Create the bibliography in your file:

```
\bibliographystyle{plain}  
\bibliography{/home/heather/research/references}
```